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VOLUME VI. HUNTSVILLE, ALA., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1885. NUMBER 12.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

News from Everywhere.

THE Dominion Parliament opened at Ottawa on the 29th, and the speech of the Governor-General was read.

A PARIS paper professes to know that the official report has much understated the losses of the British in the Soudan.

IN response to the wishes of various boards of trade an effort will be made to pass the bankruptcy bill by the present Congress.

THE majority report of the Resolution Committee of the Silver Convention at Denver, Col., advocates the enforcement of the Bland act to its limit.

THE Mahdi's forces are so great and so strongly situated at Metamneh that General Stewart's command will hardly renew the assault until reinforced.

THE President, in a message on the 29th, furnished the House of Representatives information called for respecting the United States in the Congo Conference.

THE Post-office appropriation bill, as completed by the House Committee on Post-offices and Post-roads, provides total appropriations of $52,253,200.

A MAN named Goodman has been arrested in London, charged with being implicated in the recent dynamite explosions at Westminster Hall and the Tower.

THERE is a constantly increasing attendance at the New Orleans Exposition, and visitors are rapidly arriving, most of whom will remain until after Mardi Gras.

SECRETARY CHANDLER has informed the House of Representatives that when the United States ship Tallapoosa collided she was on one of her regular freighting cruises.

GENERAL WOLSELEY telegraphed from Korti on the 29th that he had reports from General Stewart, who is doing well. The bullet entered the thigh, and is now lodged in the groin.

MR. RANDALL returned to Washington on the 30th fresh from an interview with the President-elect; and Mr. Carlisle was on the same day the guest of Mr. Cleveland at Albany.

A DISPATCH from General Wolseley dated at Korti the 1st has been received at London. He gives much news of interest and encouragement respecting the position of the British forces.

SECRETARY CHANDLER has directed the resumption of work at the navy yards and stations which was suspended the 1st of January on account of the failure of Congress to provide for its continuance.

"UNITED IRELAND" denounces the recent dynamite outrages in London as the work of men who pretend to believe they can save Ireland by carrying on a campaign against stone walls and stained glass.

THE first criminal use of dynamite in New York was reported on the 1st. An attempt was made to blow up a dry goods store, and the crime is laid at the door of discharged employes, who organized a strike not long ago.

THE iron manufacturers of the Mahoning Valley of Ohio and Cleveland are considering the question of closing down all their mills from February 15th to June 1st, on account of the high price of labor and the low price of goods.

SECRETARY LINCOLN has instructed Brigadier-General Augur to turn over to the civil authorities for prosecution such leaders among the Oklahoma boomers as violated section 2148, Revised Statutes, relating to the subject in dispute.

THE House Committee on Claims has agreed, by a majority vote, to report to the House and recommend the passage of a bill which makes provisions for refunding to the various States the amounts paid by them on account of war taxes.

O'LEARY, the Fenian, lectured to 4,000 people at Manchester, Eng., on the 1st, and condemned the recent dynamite outrages, but was interrupted. Other speakers advocated dynamite, and many in the audience cheered for O'Donovan Rossa.

THE Secretary of War reports that the total number of commissioned officers in the organized militia service of the country is 7,311; non-commissioned officers, privates, etc., 83,977. New York heads the list, Pennsylvania next and Florida next.

GENERAL SLOCUM seems to think the bill for the retirement of General Grant can be passed if brought up in the regular form, but it will be a difficult matter to have the rules suspended, and for that reason the bill may not be reached this session.

THE President gave his annual State dinner to the members of the diplomatic corps at the White House the evening of the 28th. Of the forty guests present fifteen were envoys and seven charge d' affaires, representing altogether twenty-two friendly powers.

FIFTY villages in Spain were destroyed and two thousand lives lost by the recent earthquakes. Thirty thousand persons have left Malaga, and those who remain are sleeping in the open air. The death rate from diseases has increased three hundred per cent. In one village a river disappeared, in another churches, convents and occupants were swallowed up.

REPRESENTATIVE MUTCHLER, Chairman of the House Committee on Reform in the Civil Service, has been instructed by his committee to make an adverse report on the bill to prohibit the removal of any honorably discharged Union soldier, sailor or marine, or widow or dependent relative of any deceased Union soldier, sailor or marine from any office in the civil service of the United States except for specified causes.

XLVIIITH CONGRESS.

IN the Senate on the 28th several messages were received from the President transmitting information heretofore called for in regard to the landing of foreign cables in the United States, the awards of the Venezuelan mixed commission, and the status of the Oklahoma lands, which lands, the President thinks, can not, under the present treaties, be opened for settlement. The Senate then went into executive session on the Nicaraguan treaty and discussed that matter until 7:30 p. m.....In the House a concurrent resolution was introduced relative to counting the electoral vote and fixing February 11th as the day. Referred. A resolution was adopted requesting the President to transmit a copy of the recent appeal of Fitz John Porter. A communication was received from the Secretary of the Navy recommending that Congress tender Russia and certain people official expression of its thanks for the aid and sympathy given the Jeannette exploring party. The conference report on the six months' naval appropriation bill was agreed to. Attempts were made to take various bills from the calendar, but so many members wanted some particular bill that much time was lost in making motions, and nothing was accomplished before adjournment.

IN the Senate on the 29th Mr. Pendleton presided. The bill to facilitate promotions throughout the army by retiring from active service on their own applications officers who served in the war of the rebellion, was reported adversely. The order of exercises prepared by the Washington Monument Commission was approved. The Senate then went into executive session on the Nicaraguan treaty, and when the doors were reopened adjourned.... In the House the river and harbor appropriation bill was discussed in committee of the whole. Mr. Willis made a brief explanation of the features and a statement of the large items of appropriation. The largest appropriation is for the improvement of the Mississippi River, for which $3,855,000 is given, or about forty per cent. of the estimate asked. Objection was made because of the larger amount appropriated for the river below Cairo. Mr. Gibson opposed the creation of the office of Advising Engineer of the Mississippi River Commission. No final action was taken.

IN the Senate on the 30th a memorial from a number of naval officers was presented protesting against the passage of the resolution giving the thanks of Congress to Commander Schley and Lieutenant Emery, for such a resolution, they claim, would advance these officers one grade and affect all the officers above them in the list of their respective ranks. Mr. Hoar asked unanimous consent to take up the Pacific Railroad bill, but did not want action taken immediately on its passage. He spoke at length, as did also Mr. Garland. The report was also read. Mr. Pugh spoke on the inter-State commerce bill and favored the Commission plan and opposed the Reagan bill.....In the House Mr. Blackburn presided, Mr. Carlisle being absent. The Post-office appropriation bill was reported and referred. A message was received from the President in reference to the loan of the British steamer Alert for use in the Greely relief expedition. He asks permission to return the vessel with a suitable acknowledgment of the courtesy, etc.

THE Senate was not in session on the 31st.....In the House a communication was presented from the Supervising Architect asking increased amounts for the public buildings at Jefferson City and Kansas City, Mo. In committee of the whole consideration of the river and harbor bill was resumed. MR. THOMAS said he regarded the bill in the main a very fair one; but many of the items in the bill he objected to. Mr. Mills spoke in favor of the improvement of Galveston harbor, and commended Captain Eads' plans. Mr. Blanchard defended the bill against the attacks of Mr. Bayne. The latter was opposed to the Galveston Harbor clause, and denounced the Hennepin Canal scheme. He criticised Captain James B. Eads, and objected to certain matters with which it was proposed to connect his name. He thought also that too much money was set apart for the Mississippi River. Mr. Willis spoke in explanation of the features of the bill. Pending further debate the House adjourned.

IN the Senate on the 2d a communication was received from the Secretary of the Treasury relative to the postponement of the collection of the whiskey tax. Mr. Hoar explained, in detail, the amendments to the Pacific Railroad bill. Messrs. Beck and McPherson spoke on the subject. Consideration of the inter-State commerce bill was resumed. Mr. Beck's amendment in reference to long and short hauls was defeated, 22 to 33. Mr. Hoar offered an amendment providing that charges should not be greater for any less distance than the same service over the whole line. Lost, 41 to 5. Mr. Plumb offered an amendment to apply to cases of "similar circumstances." A long discussion followed without action on the amendment.....In the House the following were among the resolutions and new bills offered: Relative to the rights of Chinese to enter the country; to maintain the purity of the ballot-box and to prevent bribery and corruption in elections; to ascertain the expenses of deputy United States Marshals and chief supervisors of elections; in reference to London dynamite explosions; granting lands to the State of Nevada; to ascertain the names of persons on the Government pay-rolls on November 1st, 1884, and on February 2d, 1885; abolishing the census bureau.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

AN earthquake at Osli, Sardinia, on the 1st destroyed eight houses.

GENERAL BUTLER, General Wolseley's chief of staff, has been temporarily appointed to succeed General Stewart.

PORTER C. BLISS, a well-known journalist, traveler and diplomat, died in a New York hospital, on the 1st.

DR. JEAN BAPTISTE MARCHISE, born in Italy in 1789, died at Utica, N. Y., on the 1st. He was once attached to the army of Napoleon Bonaparte.

THE ten-mile skating match for the amateur championship of America was won by Phillips in 43 min. 18 3-5 sec. at New York on the 31st.

CRITTENDEN ROGERS, the expert bicyclist and polo player, fell while in a game at Binghamton, N. Y., on the 31st, and died from his injuries.

THE United States Consul at Liverpool is taking steps to prevent the departure of so many paupers for the United States.

STEVEN HALL, of Detroit, Mich., and Miss Jennie Hoople, of Wauseon, O., were killed and others injured in a sleighing accident at Oak Harbor, O., on the 31st.

SENATOR GORMAN called on President-elect Cleveland on the 1st and gave him a detailed account of the arrangements for the inaugural ceremonies at Washington.

A YOUNG woman named Lucille Yseult Dudley shot and seriously wounded O'Donovan Rossa, the dynamiter, on one of the public streets of New York on the 2d. The wounded man was conveyed to the same hospital in which Captain Phelan is confined. Rossa made a statement, but the woman was quite reticent.

THE actual decrease in the public debt during January was $9,426,046.

THE cigar-makers of Detroit, Mich., have gone out on a strike.

THE Stanton mine, near Wilkesbarre, Pa., was reported on the 2d to be again inundated.

GENERAL EARLE occupies Berti, the rebels having deserted their intrenchments there.

THE sewing-machine works at Watertown, N. Y., started up again on the 2d, giving employment to 300 men.

ANOTHER explosion of natural gas at Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 2d, did much damage to a manufacturing concern.

KING LEOPOLD awaits the liberation of General Gordon, as he wants to make him President of the Congo State.

"ROUGH on Rats" got into the sugar in an Omaha boarding-house on the 2d, and twenty-three of the inmates were poisoned.

THOS. F. SHENDON, of New York, in an altercation on the 2d, shot at his brother, but hit his mother, who was mortally wounded.

THE American Legation gave a banquet at Rome on the 2d.

CAPTAIN PHELAN smiled grimly when he heard of the shooting of Rossa, but refused to say anything.

MRS. LAURA DE F. GORDON, of California, has been admitted to the bar of the United States Supreme Court.

OTTO GRAFENSTEIN decoyed his companion Herman Busseman, into a swamp near Vincennes, Ind., the night of the 1st and shot him three times, robbed him of his watch and $50 and left him for dead. Busseman revived and crawled to a house, where he received attention, but he can hardly recover.

A PROPOSED wrestling match between a man and woman at Milwaukee, Wis., on the evening of the 1st, was sat down upon by the police.

THE crew of the bark Lady of the Lake, which arrived at Halifax, N. S., on the 2d, were all badly frost-bitten, and told a story of intense suffering during their voyage from Liverpool.

ABOUT two thousand Socialists had a red-hot meeting in New York on the 2d, the two factions drawing pistols and flourishing clubs. There was a strong force of police on hand.

JOHN F. DARMOUR, of Flushing, L. I., has been warned to leave by the "Long Island Revenge Society" or suffer death. He proposes to stay, and is hunting for the society, having gotten permission to carry a revolver.

EXTREMELY cold weather prevailed throughout Ontario on the 2d, the temperature ranging from zero to thirty degrees below.

PRESIDENT-ELECT CLEVELAND has engaged rooms at the Arlington Hotel, Washington, to be taken March 2d.

MRS. VICTORIA HULSKAMP (nee Morisini), says "she and Ernest" like the West. She denies the Boston story about how she came to fall in love with the Boston coachman.

MARQUETTE, MICH., suffered a loss of $300,000 by fire on the morning of the 2d. The First National Bank building was completely destroyed. The temperature was sixteen below zero, and the firemen suffered intensely and worked at serious disadvantage.

CUNNINGHAM, alias Dalton, charged with being connected with the Tower explosion in London, was arraigned on the 2d in the Police Court, and remanded. The prisoner was heavily guarded.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

NICHOLAS ARAGON, the most noted and daring desparado, and outlaw, and bandit of the Southwest, was captured on the 30th by the sheriff of Lincoln county, New Mexico, at a place called Chaperito. He had committed a score of murders, and escaped from a number of jails. He was taken from the sheriff and his officers by a mob, and dragged by the heels to a tree and hung. He was only 30 years of age, and was a splendidly formed and singularly handsome man. He was as amiable as a socity maiden, and as quiet as a lamb, but when aroused was terrible as a cyclone.

NASHVILLE, TENN., is to have a new opera house.

AN attempt was made on the 2d to poison the Odum family, living near Nashville, Tenn.

THE boiler in the Snyder brewery, at Louisville, exploded on the 2d, and John Bush was killed. Several others were injured.

O'DONOVAN ROSSA, the Irish agitator of New York, was shot on the 2d by a woman named Violet Dudley. His wound is not dangerous.

IT is stated President-elect Cleveland has offered the Treasury portfolio to Mr. Randall.

GREAT alarm is felt at Pittsburg, Pa., because of a report that there is an armed organization of dynamiters in that city awaiting a favorable opportunity for an outbreak.

DR. CHRISTOPHER GRAHAM, a centenarian of Louisville, Ky., died on the 3d.

JUDGE HILL has appointed Col. James D. Stewart, of Jackson, Miss., as receiver in the Watson-Evers case before his court. The taxes now due the State on the land litigated in said suit amount to $80,000, which the receiver is directed to pay by sales or by hypothecation of the lands.

A TERRIBLE explosion of gas occurred on the 3d in a coal mine near Savannah, Indian Territory. Three men were killed and a hundred others injured.

ELIJAH WEASE, aged seventy-five, was arrested at Petersburg, Va., on the 3d, for the murder of Hiram Ault, in October, 1861. Wease was arrested at the time and confined in jail at Moorefield, but was released by Federal soldiers.

AT a meeting of barbed wire manufacturers at St. Louis, on the 4th, the price of wire was advanced.

MRS. BENNETT PARSONS, of Birmingham, Ala, confesses that she murdered her husband.

THREE men were taken from jail by a mob at Audubon, Iowa, on the 4th and hung.

THE railroad commission bill passed the U. S. Senate on the 4th.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

John Price and John Wright have been arrested at Tyler Tex., for killing Conductor Frazier and wounding Brakeman Powers.

While riding into Louisville, a few days ago from their country residence, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lovell were thrown out of a buggy by the horses running away. The wife was severely injured. The husband's skull was fractured and he was fatally injured. The injured man is a son of General Lovell of the United States army.

Wiley Cannon and his wife, living near Bell's Ferry, N. C., went off to the ferry a few days ago and locked their three children in the house. On their return they found the house in flames, and all efforts to save the children proved fruitless, and they were burned to death. The children were aged one, five and seven years, respectively.

Dr. D. E. Salmon, Commissioner of the Bureau of Animal Industries, visited Jackson, Tenn., recently, to examine the herd of Jerseys, removed there from Cynthiana, Ky., lately. He says there is no doubt but the cattle are affected, and, having been exposed, the danger will not be passed for eighteen months. The cattle are quarantined.

Robert Freeman, a mulatto boy, seventeen years old, was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun, near Jackson, Tenn., a few days ago. He had started hunting, and was standing in the door leaning on the gun when it slipped, striking the hammers, and the entire charge entered his abdomen. He lived about two hours.

The Pennington Hotel at Cleburne, Tex., was destroyed by fire a few days ago.

A woman of Tuckertown, Fla., is making money by running a saw-mill.

The old city of St. Augustine, Fla., is to celebrate the 320th anniversary of its foundation March 27-28.

Bennett Parsons, a farmer seventy-two years of age, was murdered near Jonesboro, Ala., a few days ago, and his wife and two daughters are charged with the crime.

The second female moonshiner ever arrested in Kentucky was lodged in jail at Louisville, a few days ago. Her name is Melissa Flow. She is a good-looking blonde, twenty years of age, and was taken in for selling a pint and a half of "Mountain Dew."

Judge Alexander H. Arthur, one of the oldest and most prominent citizens of Vicksburg, Miss., died in that city a few nights since. He was State Senator from Vicksburg for several terms prior to the war, and has filled various positions of public trust during the past twenty years.

Mrs. Cole, widow of Judge James L. Cole, of Placquemine Parish, aged sixty-nine, was found murdered in bed a few mornings ago. Thieves took her jewelry, including a diamond ring from her finger. Five persons have been arrested on suspicion.

Franklin J. Moses, formerly Governor of South Carolina, recently finished a term of three months in the Detroit (Mich.) House of Correction for obtaining money on false pretenses. He was at once arrested by a Boston officer, to stand trial in that city on an indictment for swindling Colonel T. W. Higginson and several other professors of Harvard University.

On returning to his home in Jackson County, Georgia, a few nights ago, Mr. Basil White found his bride-wife hanging dead from a joist in the stable. Her maiden name was Elizabesh Beatty, and she had been married but one week, her husband being a widower with one child. The new relationship proving irksome she sought relief in suicide.

The mother of a dead infant found in Dallas, Tex., a few days ago, in a well, has been discovered in the person of Ella Coleman, a young woman from Sherman, Tex. When her crime was discovered she took a train for the East, and officers went in pursuit of her. She is a prepossessing young woman, single and about eighteen years old.

A few nights ago a farmer named P. Smith, residing four miles north of Covington, Tenn., was murdered by unknown persons. His body was found in the woods near his house, his skull having been split open by a hatchet. Robbery is believed to have been the cause of the murder, the money in his possession at the time having been taken.

Fire at Lewisville, Tex., a few nights ago, destroyed the principal part of the town. The heaviest losses, with insurance, are: B. Flew, loss, $2,000; insurance, $1,700; W. H. Hyder, loss, $3,000; insurance, $1,600; H. Owens, loss, $500; insurance, none; John Kealy & Co., loss, $1,000; insurance, none; Mrs. May Rawlings, loss, $2,500; insurance, none; E. F. Stover, loss, $1,500; insurance, none. The total loss is estimated at $10,000. The origin is thought to have been incendiary.

During the year 1883 Ballard County, Ky., lost several bridges, the most important passways in the county. A reward of $1,000 was offered for the apprehension of the guilty parties, with evidence to convict. No clue was obtained, and would never have been, most likely, but for the arrest, a short time ago, of Wm. Beard, charged with breaking into a store. After the arrest and incarceration of Beard, he concluded to cause the bridge-burning business to be divulged and secure the company of his confederates. He managed to get an interview with Mildred Coffee, of that county, one of the party, and induced him to peach on Tobe Hendricks, who, Coffee says, fired the Scarborough bridge across the west fork of Mayfield Creek, on the Milburn & Paducah Road. Hendricks was arrested upon Coffee's affidavit, and is in jail at Wickliffe. He denies any knowledge of the burning, but it is understood that both Beard and Coffee will testify to the effect that they saw him setting fire to it. It is hoped that further developments will reveal the whole diabolical scheme by which Ballard County suffered so heavily in the loss of bridges, as well as her Courthouse, by fire.

NEMESIS,

In the Form of An English Soldier's Daughter,

Pursuing O'Donovan Rossa She Shoots Him Down On the Street in New York, Wounding Him Badly—The Woman's Antecedents.

NEW YORK, February 2.

At half-past five this evening O'Donovan Rossa was shot in front of the Stewart Building, on Chambers street, by a woman named Lucille Yseult Dudley. The woman was immediately arrested, and Rossa was taken to the Chambers Street Hospital. He was shot in the back under the right shoulder.

When the woman was brought to the station-house she handed to the police sergeant a five-barreled nickel-plated 42-caliber revolver, very coolly saying:

"I guess they are all empty now."

She had fired five shots, but only one had taken effect. She said she was a nurse and lived at No. 60 Clinton Place. She came from England five months ago. She had an interview with Rossa on Saturday at his office. She met him to-day by appointment made by a letter from her to him. It is said the letter is now in the hands of Patrick Joyce, Rossa's secretary. The woman is handsome, and very fairly dressed in the style of a well-to-do English immigrant. She wore spectacles and had the appearance of an intellectual looking school teacher.

Bystanders who saw the shooting, say that the woman drew the revolver from her dress pocket, and leveling it at Rossa, fired one shot. Rossa threw his hand above his head and cried:

"I'M SHOT."

He then fell heavily to the sidewalk. The woman fired the remaining bullets in the revolver at the prostrate man and calmly walked away with the smoking pistol in her hand.

She was followed by a large crowd, while a still larger mob surrounded the wounded dynamiter.

City Marshal McAuley saw the pistol in the woman's hand and arrested her. She was taken to the Twenty-sixth Precinct Station, the City Hall. Her imperturbable gravity and coolness of demeanor were remarkable.

When arraigned at the desk, she handed her pistol to the Sergeant.

Marshal McAuley said the woman was brandishing a pistol in the street. A citizen who entered the station with the prisoner said she had just shot a man in Chambers street.

"Do you know the man?" asked the Sergeant of the woman.

"Yes; I shot O'Donovan Rossa," said the prisoner, with a slight English accent.

She looked very demure and pretty as she stood at the bar, and betrayed no excitement. She gave her name as Lucille Yseult Dudley, and said she was a native of England and a hospital nurse by occupation. She described herself as a widow, twenty-five years of age, but does not appear to be over eighteen.

A number of questions were put to her, but she preserved a dignified silence. She was locked up and all reporters were denied admission to her for the present. She did not appear to be insane, for she answered all questions deliberately and with some degree of caution. She declined to divulge the cause of the shooting, but it is presumed that it was in revenge for the recent dynamite explosions in London.

When seen at the Chambers Street Hospital, Rossa was lying quietly on his cot, which was located only a short distance from that of Captain Phelan's. Rossa said that as he reached the street, after leaving his office in Chambers street at 5:30 p. m., a woman, without uttering a word, shot him. The ball penetrated beneath and to the right shoulder-blade, taking an upward course. Rossa said that the pain was not great, and he hoped the would-be murderess was satisfied.

After probing for four minutes, the physicians decided not to search further for the ball, for fear of weakening the patient. The wound will probably not prove fatal. There is no immediate danger, and the patient is resting quietly.

Patrick Joyce, Rossa's secretary, arrived at the hospital a few minutes after Rossa had been conveyed there. He was told by Rossa to telegraph for Mrs. Rossa. But few other people were admitted.

The report of the shooting attracted a large crowd, among which was ex-United States Marshal John Centre, who assisted Rossa to his feet and asked him if he could be of any assistance to him. Rossa said:

"I'm shot," and without another word walked with Centre to the hospital.

The woman, after doing the shooting ran toward Center street, and when opposite the District Attorney's office, was stopped by Deputy Marshal McAuley and Judge Callahan. McAuley seized the woman by the arm. She did not seem in the least excited and said:

"I shot Rossa, and if you want me, I will go along with you."

McAuley then took her into custody. When asked what she shot Rossa for, she said:

"I'm English, and I shot him because he is O'Donovan Rossa."

She then asked for a glass of water, and after thanking the officer she was placed in a cell.

At six o'clock the woman was removed to the Oak Street Police Station. She will be arraigned at the Tombs Police Court.

The news of the shooting spread like wildfire, and in less than half an hour several hundred people had gathered in front of the hospital anxious to learn Rossa's condition.

To-night Rossa's condition was considered by the physicians not so favorable, and Coroner Kennedy was sent for to take his ante-mortem statement. The Coroner arrived at the hospital soon after, and Rossa, after answering the usual questions, made in substance the following statement:

"On last Saturday afternoon I received a note from a messenger boy, saying that a lady desired to see me at the Stewart building. I went there and she told me that she was a friend of the Irish cause, and that she had a large sum of money to help the cause along. After a brief conversation we adjourned to Sweeney's Hotel, where an appointment was made for to-day. This afternoon the same boy came with a note stating that the lady desired to see me in the Stewart building. I went there, and the woman produced a paper which she wanted me to sign on behalf of dynamite. I told her that I was not receiving money for that purpose. She then remarked that the place was too public to transact the business, and suggested that we should go somewhere else. We went out together, and on reaching the sidewalk the woman fell back and pulled out a pistol and commenced firing. The first shot struck me in the back, and I fell from the shock. I was assisted up by a stranger and taken to Chambers Street Hospital.

Mrs. Rossa arrived at the hospital at ten o'clock, and was immediately taken to her husband's side. She was apparently greatly moved at his condition.

Rossa, in conversation with an intimate friend to-night, said that his attempted assassination was the work of the English Government. He didn't know the woman who shot him, or anything of her antecedents, and as far as he knew no relatives of hers had been injured by recent explosions in London. He had not the least doubt that it was a premeditated conspiracy to kill him. He didn't believe that Prof. Mezzeroff had anything to do with the conspiracy, and firmly believed that it was the work of the British Government to put him out of the way.

THE WOMAN WHO SHOT HIM.

The woman who attempted the life of Rossa is named Lucille Yseult Dudley. She is a widow and says her husband and two children are dead. She is about twenty-five years old. She says she has been employed as nurse in the principal hospitals of London and Paris. She came to New York last September in company with two other young women. All were trained nurses, and came here with the intention of starting a female hospital on a small scale. Finding the opportunity difficult, they engaged as nurses.

One of the trio was a Miss Chalmers. She had friends in Newark, and the three went there. Afterward Miss Chalmers got a place in Roosevelt Hospital, New York, and a few days later got her friend, Mrs. Dudley a position in the same institution.

The Superintendent of the hospital says that while Mrs. Dudley was a good nurse, she did not give entire satisfaction, and her actions were rather singular. She was not popular with the other nurses. She left suddenly, saying she had a "case" to attend to; but she went to Dr. Thomas' private hospital in Lexington avenue, exhibited diplomas from London hospitals, and secured immediate employment.

Dr. Thomas says that she was an excellent nurse, but did not get along well with the other nurses, and after a month he let her go, together with Miss Chalmers, whom she had induced the doctor to employ.

The other nurses said that the two women acted strangely, but they could not specify in what particular. They did not seek other company.

From the Thomas Hospital Mrs. Dudley went to Miss Leggett's Home for Working Women in Clinton Place, and boarded until last Monday, when she told the manager of the house that she had a case, and would give up her room. She went away, but came back Wednesday afternoon, saying:

"My patient has died; can you accommodate me again?"

She was again given a room, for which she paid in advance until to-morrow (Tuesday).

Yesterday afternoon she returned the key to the manager, saying she was going out and did not think she would return, and would send for her baggage. She seemed excited and nervous.

"Did she ever allude, while here, to her past domestic relations or life?" asked a reporter of the manager of the Home.

"She told me she had been married and had two children, but that they had died abroad. Her father, she said, was a non-commissioned officer in the cavalry service, and that she had repeatedly acted as trained nurse in London hospitals and also in Paris. She also said that she had diplomas from various institutions, and, I believe, she has shown them to some of the other young women. She was a thoroughly accomplished woman, and her manners and speech betokened a thoroughbred English woman of keen mind and bright perceptions. She is intensely patriotic, and often spoke of the English soldier. Her conversation at times was sarcastic and cutting, when speaking of those who were making war on the English people.

One day she said she much more enjoyed the hospital work abroad than the nursing she had been doing here. She declared she received $25 a week there, while her pay here was only $20 a month.

In the parlor of Miss Leggett's Home a bevy of young ladies were talking about Mrs. Dudley's deed.

"She was almost crazy with excitement a week ago Sunday," said one, "when she heard of the explosions in London. She said America should give up Rossa to England, and yesterday when she heard of the explosion on Grand street, she was again very much excited."

THE NEWS IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, February 3.

News of the shooting of Rossa was bulletined in this city at midnight. It caused great excitement among the people who were on the streets and around the popular resorts at that hour. Men gathered in groups at corners to exchange comments upon the affair, and the general expression was that of satisfaction.

—A Vineyard Haven (Conn.) man's cat goes into the stable every night and sleeps on the horse's back.—*Hartford Post.*

Huntsville Gazette

CHAS. HENDLEY, JR. Editor.

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GAZETTE COMPANY,
Box 130. Huntsville, Ala.

SATURDAY, FEB. 7, 1885.

Is it a war of pistols and dynamite?

Something that should go—taking a ladies arm.

Valentines will be next and then will come the Fourth of March and President Cleveland.

Birmingham is now expecting a visit from Vice President-elect Hendricks and will doubtless eclipse its big reception of Mr. Randall.

The N. Y. *Sun* suggests that ex-Senator Conkling be sent to the Senate two years hence by the Republicans, as a suitable colleague for Senator Evarts.

South Carolina will send up to Washington to take part in the Inauguration a colored military company and a colored brigadier general. The spectacle of colored soldiers assisting in the inauguration of a Democratic President will be quite remarkable.

Eight working days remain to our Legislature to complete its labors. The Crop Lien and some other pending bills should be allowed to die with the session.

The shooting of O'Donovan Rossa by the woman Mary Dudly looks something like the cold irony of logic. An adversary was dosing him with his own pills. But this does not make it right—does not wipe out the crime of the would-be assassin.

Senator Edmunds it is said has received several threatening letters from dynamiters, notifying him that they will blow up his residence and also the Senate Judiciary committee room in the event that committee reports favorably the Edmunds anti-dynamite bill. Washington does not seem to regard the terrible threats seriously, no precationary measures being taken.

A Voice for Justice.

The progress made by the colored people during their eighteen years of freedom has determined their capacity for further progress, and it is high time something were being done to insure the fullest usefulness and benefit of this capacity to the community at large. The unwise discriminations that tend to shut the colored youths from avenues of labor into which he is well qualified to enter, operates to the detriment of society by a depreciation of values on the one hand and by encumbering the State with unreciprocal dependents. Unskilled labor is, in this age, a close ally to pauperism, and it is exactly into this condition that the customs, discriminations and injustice of our various practical educational systems have forced the Negro. The proposition that color disqualifies a man for positions that involve master minds and trained hands is as absurd as the prejudices which debar the Negro from acquiring that sort of protective education are tyranous and barbaric, as well as injurious to the economies—political, social and moral.—*Chicago Inter Ocean.*

Alabama's Railroad Commission.

Montgomery, Feb. 4.—The Railroad Commissioners' dead-lock was broken by the Senate to-day by electing on the first ballot Henry A. Shorter, of Barbour, as President; Levy W. Lawler, of Mobile, and W. Tunadel, of Hale county, Associate Railroad Commission. Another railroad bill in the Senate, shorn of its most objectionable features, passed by 18 to 15, but is not likely to pass the House.

O'Hara is one of the brightest colored men ever in the House. His recent brilliant coup by which he entrapped the Democratic majority into the adoption of an amendment to interstate commerce bill providing equal accommodation for white and black passengers was entirely his own, notwithstanding the statement published that it was Mr. Reed, of Maine, who planned the scheme and put O'Hara forward to spring it. O'Hara conceived the idea before the meeting of Congress, and confided it to only one person, ex-Gov. Long, of Massachusetts, who said it was a splendid thought, and that it would either kill the bill or force the Democrats to a fair arrangement.—Denver Sun.

NEWS and SENTIMENT.

(From Colored Exchanges)

Register Bruce weighs 215 pounds.

Congressman Smalls is soon to wed a Washington lady.

The two colored West Point cadets rank high in their classes.

Rev. Anthony Walker was hanged for murder in Texas.

Congressman and Mrs. O'Hara are frequently out into society.

Hon. John F. Quarles died at Flushing, N. Y., Jan. 28, 1885.

Howard Williams, steward of the Executive Mansion gets a salary of $2,500 per year.

A beautiful silver urn was presented to Bishop Shorter at Savannah, Ga., last week by his admirers.

The Savannah, Ga., *Echo* occupies a front rank in colored journals. It is to have a grand reception Feb. 17th.

Eli Brazil murdered a man named Bush in Chattanooga, Tenn., Jan. 21st. The murder caused great local excitement.

"Bob" Church, the wealthiest colored man of Memphis, recently wedded a refined young lady school teacher of that city.

Bishop Gross of the Catholic Church, Savannah, Ga., proposes to erect a home for the educational and religious training of colored females.

The eagerness with which some of our leading colored men north and west are seeking to prove that they have long since been Democrats, is to say the least disgusting.—Selma Post.

There is nothing more needed in this city than an old folks' home for our people. —Richmond, (Va). Planet.

Why are so many colored men looming up in the Democratic party?—Exchange. They want office.—Va. Critic.

The unwise discriminations that tend to shut the colored youth from avenues of labor into which he is well qualified to enter, operates to the detriment of society by a depreciation of values on one hand, and by incumbe.ing the state with unreciprocal dependents.—Herald Mansion.

The Negro has come from four to seven millions in the United States since freedom and they are property holders to the amount of $14 each, for the whole 7,000,000, or $98,000,000 in the aggregate. This growth from nothing when they were freed, and in spite of every hindrance by law, violence, and fraud, is a mathematical demonstration of their industry and reasonable frugality.—South Western.

Mrs. Sarah Patterson, who resided on Causey street, while on her knees at prayer, near the fire-place, caught fire, and before the flames could be extinguished, was burned so badly as to prove fatal. Her little girl caught fire, while attempting to extinguish the flames, but received but slight injuries. The mother died in a few days after the sad accident.—Memphis Watchman.

Col. A. K. McClure says without qualification that Alabama is to be the leading State of the entire South. Also that when navigation is opened from Mobile to Rome, Ga., and to the heart of the Warrior coal fields, a time that will surely come, Mobile will be the leading city in a galaxy of prosperous Southern communities.—Montgomery Citizen News.

In the U. S. District Court at Baltimore, Md., Judge Morris awarded Martha Stewart and three other colored libellants, $100 each, damages against the Baltimore, Chesapeake and Richmond Steamboat Company, for exclusion from sleeping apartments.

The Arkansas Legislature contains the following colored members: Messrs. J. B. Brooks, S. H. Scott, T. R. Kersh, I. G. Bailey, W. B. Jacks, J. H. Bradford, G. H. Jones and Ed. Glover.

STATE NEWS.

Four deaths were reported among the convicts in January.

Montgomery boasts of a colored jeweler.

The Supreme Court convenes in extra session Feb. 17th.

Work progresses on the Muscle Shoals and the force is being increased.

There are over two hundred licensed business houses in Birmingham.

The Legislature has sent a memorial to Congress praying for the completion of the Warrior river improvements.

Rev. T. W. Coffee of the A. M. E. church, has charge of the Birmingham church.

Henry Jackson stabbed and killed Sam Hill Jan. 29th, at Oxmoor. Jackson is still at large.

The steamer Troop delivered, this week, at Milton's Bluff, on the Shoals, 40 tons of iron for use on the aqueduct.

The municipal election passed off quietly last Monday, and resulted as follows: R. Scott Parks, Mayor; Dr. W. H. Payne, G. R. Caldwell and James W. Moody, Aldermen.—Scottsboro Citizen.

Wm. Carter, of this vicinity was robbed in town last Saturday evening of about $300. We learn that he had just borrowed the money by giving a mortgage on his farm. He was last seen with the two tramp painters who have been at work on the C. P. Church, and the fact that they suddenly disappeared after being with Carter is sufficient evidence against them. We sympathize with Mr. Carter in his misfortune. He offers $100 reward for the apprehension of the thieves.—Scottsboro Citizen.

It will be gratifying to Eld. Welch's many friends, not only here, but throughout the whole country to learn that he has been honorably acquitted of the charge of forgery brought against him. Those who know him best never doubted for a moment his innocence and the trial which took place in Birmingham on Thursday confirmed their judgment.—Selma Post.

A Bill

To Be Entitled An Act, To Authorize Madison County To Build Macadamized Roads, And To Issue Bonds Of The County To Aid In The Construction Thereof.

Sec. 1—Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama, that Madison County, by and through its authorized Boards of Superintendent of Public roads of said County is hereby authorized to build and construct, within the limits of said County, the following system of macadamized Roads :

Sec. 2—Be it further enacted, that said macadamized Roads shall be constructed upon the beds of the public roads of the county, the route and location of said Public Roads, in the establishment of the line of said macadamized Roads, to be changed and altered, so as to secure the most direct route of travel, and suitable ground and bed, upon which to build said macadamized Roads. Said Board, in making such change or alteration, to make such reasonable compensation to the owner of the land, on which such new route is established, as is just and proper, and when said Board is unable to agree with the owner of the land as to what compensation shall be made, the same proceedings shall be had for the ascertainment of the compensation as is now provided by law, when the line of a public road is altered or changed.

Sec, 3—Be it further enacted, that the fixing of the width of said macadamized roads, and the depth and character of stone or other material used in their construction, shall rest in the discretion of said Board; they, in its determination, having reference to the convenience and necessity of travel thereon.

Sec. 4—Be it further enacted, that said Board shall have the right to take and use in the construction and building of said roads, such quantity of stone, gravel and other material, adjacent and contiguous thereto, as may be necessary therefor, paying such reasonable compensation for such material as may be right and proper, and when said Board and the owner of such material are unable to agree upon the compensation, the same is to be fixed in the same manner as is provided by law for the violation of land condemned to public use in the opening of new and the changing, or altering of old roads.

Sec. 5.—Be it further enacted, that said Board shall have the right to construct and build said macadamized roads, by letting out the same by contract, or by a system of day labor, or partly by both as may seem most to the interest of the county.

Sec. 6.—Be it further enacted, that said Board are hereby authorized to establish toll gates on said macadamized roads, not less than three miles apart, and to fix such reasonable rates of toll, to be collected thereat of all persons travelling said roads, as may seem just and proper: and said Board in its discretion, having the right to exempt from payment of such toll, all or any of the citizens of the county and their property.

Sec. 7.—Be it further enacted, that the Court of County Commissioners of said County are hereby authorized and empowered to issue bonds of said county to the amount of two hundred thousand dollars, to provide for the payment of the construction and building of said macadamized roads. Said bonds to be two hundred in number and for one thousand dollars each, payable thirty years from the date of the issuance, not more than seven per cent. per annum, the interest to be paid semi annually, and evidenced by coupons attached to the bonds. Said bonds and coupons to be made negotiable and payable at some designated Banking House in the city of Huntsville, Alabama, or in the City of New York in the State of New York.—Said bonds shall be sold and negotiated to the highest bidder, the minimum price being their face value. To aid in securing the payment of the principal and interest of said bonds and thereby promoting their readiest and best sale, said Court of County Commissioners is hereby authorized to pledge for their payment the $60,000 of gold renewal bonds of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company by deposit with a good and reliable trust company in said city of New York, established for such purpose, or with a good and reliable Bank in the city of Huntsville, Alabama. Said Railroad bonds, the proceeds of said coupons as they fall due and are collected, to be invested in other securities of like kind, or bonds of the State of Alabama, to be designated by said Court of County Commissioners, and the proceeds of the coupons of said re-investment to be invested *totus quotus* in like manner and to be deposited and held for like purpose, until the maturity of said bonded indebtedness hereby authorized to be created.

Sec, 8.—Be it further enacted, that said bonds shall be numbered from one to two hundred consecutively, each to be signed and sealed by the Judge of the Probate Court of said County of Madison; the coupons attached to each to bear the number of the bond to which they are attached, and to be made payable at the place designated for the payment of said bondsmen in the body thereof.

Sec. 9—Be it further enacted, that said bonds shall only be issued and sold from time to time as the demands for the payment of the construction and building of said macadamized road may require.

Sec. 10.—Be it further enacted, that it is hereby made the duty of said Court of County Commissioners, to levy and collect such tax annually as is now or may be hereafter authorized by the Constitution of the State of Alabama, upon the property and citizens of said County, as may be necessary to pay for the construction and building of said macadamized roads and the payment of the principal and interest of said proposed bonded indebtedness, as the same falls due, and becomes payable.—And said Court of County Commissioners is required to levy a special tax to pay off the present bonded indebtedness of said County and to pay for the erection of necessary public buildings and bridges, in order that the revenue raised by the levy of one half of one per centum, as now authorized by the Constitution of the State of Alabama, may be applied as far as possible to the payment of the principal and interest of said bonded indebtedness.

MASONIC.

Alabama, Most Worshipful Sovereign Grand Lodge A. F. & A. M. Next Annual Grand Communication will convene at Mobile June 21st, 1885.

Geo. W. Braxdall, Talladega, Grand Master.

Chas. Hendley, Huntsville, Grand Sec'ty.

David's Temple Lodge No. 9, Tuscaloosa, Ala. Regular Monthly Communication the 1st Tuesday night in each month at 7½ o'clock.

P. B. Goode, W. M.

Jeremiah Barnes, Secretary.

Evening Star Lodge No 6, Huntsville, Ala. Regular Stated Communication the 2nd Monday night in each month at 7½ o'clock. Transient brethren welcome.

L. C. Betts, W. M.

Chas. Hendley, Secretary

King Hiram Lodge No. 17, Union Springs, Ala. Meet in Regular Communication the 1st Thursday night in each month at 8 o'clock.

Cain Rodgers, W. M.

E, H. Watson, Sec'ty.

Mount Moriah Lodge No. 12, Talladega, Ala. Regular Communication the 1st Tuesday in every month at 7½ o'clock, p. m.

Isaac T. Jacobs, W. M.

Geo. W. Braxdall, Sec'ty.

St. John's Lodge No. 2, Mobile, Ala. Meet at Masonic Hall, N. E. Royal and St. Michael sts., the 1st Wednesday night in each month in Regular Communication, at 7½ o'clock.

Alfred S. Smith, W. M.

Joshua Willis, Sec'ty.

Mount Hebron, No. 15, Birmingham, Ala. Regular Monthly Communication 1st Tuesday of each month. Visiting brethren cordially invited. Hall on 4th Ave. between 9th and 10th sts.

J. H. Binford, W. M.

J. D. Betts, Sec'ty.

The Barber,

When you wish an easy shave,
As good as barber ever gave,
Just call on me at my saloon,
At morn, eve, or at noon.
I cut and dress the hair with grace,
To suit the contour of the face.
My room is neat and towels clean,
Scissors sharp and razors keen;
And everything I think you'll find
To suit the face and please the mind;
And all my art and skill can do,
If you just call, I'll do for you.

Powhatan McGill, the live and popular barber, may be found at his stand, on Washington St. Don't fail to give him call. A first-class shave for 10 cents. Trim and Shampoo 25 cents each.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL SETTLEMENT

State of Alabama—Madison County.

Pegular Term of Probate Court, Jan'y. 12th, 1885.

Estates of Thomas and Edgar Kent, Infants.

This day came Levi Scruggs, Guardian of the Estates of Thomas and Edgar Kent, Infants, and filed with the Court his accounts and vouchers for Annual Settlements of his Guardianship of each of said Estates: It is consdered, ordered, adjudged and decreed by the Court, that the

9th day of February, 1885,

be and the same hereby is appointed a day on which to make said settlement. It is also ordered by the Court, that due and legal notice of the filing of the account and vouchers, the nature of the same, and the time appointed by the Court for the Settlements, be given by publication for three successive weeks, in the Huntsville GAZETTE, a newspaper published in the County of Madison, State of Alabama, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they see proper to do so.

WILLIAM RICHARDSON,
Judge of Probate.

R. W. BAKER & Co.

DEALERS IN

Staple & Fancy Groceries

More and better Goods for the money than any House in the City.

CALL AND SEE

how cheap they are selling fine

Sugar and Coffee.

New Goods Received Daily.

R. W. BAKER, & Co,

2d HOUSE ABOVE MARBLE YARD
Washington Street, Huntsville, Ala.
12-29-8m

DO YOU KNOW

THAT

LORRILLARD'S CLIMAX PLUG TOBACCO

with red Tin Tag; Rose Leaf Fine Cut Chewing; Navy Clippings, and Black, Brown and Yellow SNUFFS are the best and cheapest quality considered?
6-9-1y.

CALL AND SEE

The Great Bargain Boom!

AT

J. R. KIESS' GROCERY STORE

Above McGee's Hotel Jefferson Street.

A complete assortment of Staple and Fancy Groceries and Country Produce

CHRISTMAS and HOLIDAY GOODS

An immense new stock just opened. TOYS—Wooden, Tin and French Candies, Purest and Cheapest. Fruits, Jellies, Choice Cigars and Tobacco. Before purchasing elsewhere take a look at our special

Bargains in Festival Goods

Of every description and grade, sold at the lowest prices, for Church Festivals, Suppers etc.

J. R. KIESS,
JEFFERSON STREET.

HUNTSVILLE MARBLE YARD.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851

HEADSTONES, MANTLES AND ALL KIND OF GRAVEYARD WORK DONE IN THE BEST STYLE

MARBLE and GRANITE MONUMENTS

J. G. & A. A. BAKER, PROP'S.

WE CARRY THE LARGEST LINE OF PROPRIETARY GOODS AND

DRUGGIST'S SUNDRIES

In NORTH ALABAMA, and defy Competitionin

QUALITY and PRICE

"Special Wholesale Rates" to COUNTRY MERCHANTS Satisfaction always the first CONSIDERATION AND GUARANTEED.

Get a trial bottle of "WILSON'S PEERLESS COLOGNE" for 25 cents. We warrant it better than any Cologne in the market or money Refunded.

L. H. WILSON,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Huntsville, Ala.

To Retire from Business

January 1s, 1885.

All Goods at Cost and Below Cost.

A POSITIVE CLEARING SALE

NO HUMBUG!

We mean what we say.

Gents' Furnishing Goods,
Hats. Notions, Fancy Goods,
Millinery Cloaks, Wraps,
In fact everything we have.

SHOW CASES AND FIXTURES.

Be sure and call, ask for cost mark and buy for your self.

A. HERSTEIN.

OPPOSITE HUNTSVILLE HOTEL.

HEAD QUARTERS

For Cheap Groceries.

I keep on hand at all times the best variety of eatables that can be found in the city. Call and see me Fresh butter a specialty.

E. M. THURSTON,

East side Public Square. Sign of the Horse Shoe.

DAVID D. SHELBY,

Attorney-at-Law,

HUNTSVILLE, ALA.,

Office on West side Public Square, White building.

The Sun.

An Independent Newspaper of Democratic Principles, but not Controlled by any Set of Politicians or Manipulators; Devoted to Collecting and Publishing all the News of the Day in the most Interesting Shape and with the greatest possible Promptness, Accuracy and Impartiality; and to the Promotion of Democratic ideas and Policy in the affairs of Government, Society and Industry.

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Address, THE SUN, New York City.

Huntsville Gazette

SATURDAY, FEB. 7th, 1885.

Neighborhood News and Gossip.

—Several lovely days this week.

—There is a lull in the matrimonial market.

—The cold wave flag was displayed yesterday.

—The ladies of the 2nd C. P. Church had a very successful festival last night for the benefit of their church.

—Lakeside M. E. Church has a new choir.

—What has Huntsville sent to New Orleans?

—Valentines are next in order.

—Rev. Bishop Wilmer will conduct the morning and evening services at the Episcopal church tomorrow.

—Mr. W. B. Connor came off victor at the Madison Rifles' prize drill Tuesday last and was awarded the gold medal.

—Judge Richardson is back from Washington and from observation of the field thinks it highly probable that the House will appropriate $100,000 for the erection of a Federal public building at Huntsville.

—Prof Anderson and family have arrived and taken up their residence at the Huntsville Female Seminary.

—Marshal Hinds has been engaged in Scottsboro on official business.

—Evening Star Lodge meets in Regular Monthly Communication Monday night next.

—With the slight improvement in the weather our farmers are beginning to move things for the new crop.

—The 3 o'clock morning passenger train was thrown from the track by a broken rail near Brownsboro Monday last, crippling the express messenger and baggage master, and slightly bruising Conductor McAllister. The accident caused the west bound trains to come in a day late.

Self-Defense and Republicanism.

Mr. Editor :

SIR:—Please allow me to say, that by request, I have been for about two years attending to a few claims before the Government in the interest of my people. I was quite surprised recently, when some of my claimants informed me that they were advised by some of our white republicans here, to get white men to attend to their claims, as colored men would not likely be recognized before the different Departments. Now sir, my claimants did not inform me who the persons were, and I dont know and did not ask, but I will say to those gentlemen, that this is not only doing what they themselves have advised us not to do, strike a color line, but it is trying to retard the progress of one who has battled, politically, for the very positions that they have held, and are yet holding. As they themselves have said of the color line, such has led much to the National defeat of republicanism in the last campaign. I may add, also, to our colored people, that while so much prejudice may exist here among republicans, that I get few or no white claimants, yet no sign has ever appeared in any of the National Departments which indicated the recognition of a man only on account of his color since I have been laboring in the claim business; but the Departments recognize men according to their merit. While I admit to my want of more experience, some of the best agents in this country have claims that they have worked at for six years, and if I work at any three years, I shall give them up, for I dont take any unless I see by labor and perseverence they can be gotten through in less time. There are many exceptions to this, and white Republicans here as true to the colored people as they are to themselves, but I write the above because some of our people are persuaded that a colored man cannot get a claim through.

Respectfully,
WM. H. GASTON.

—We regret to hear that Mrs. Martha Brandon is dangerously ill with pneumonia.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Thomas Caver one of our energetic and thriving farmers recently celebrated his fiftieth birthday.

Mr. Irvine J. Seat who has been the guest of his father for several days, has returned to Texas.

Mr. Jim V. Anderson favorably known to the public as the affable clerk in Hutchings' drug store for the past year, left Monday for his home at Winona, Miss. Success to him.

Masters Caswell Ballard, Archie Jones and Geo. W. Luster are at the State Normal School.

Mayor Mastin and Judge Richardson are back from a short trip to Montgomery.

Mr. J. R. Moore was in the city Thursday and smiled upon the GAZETTE.

Mr. Jimbo Turner is on a visit home from Nashville.

Mr. Myer Herstein is back from his trip to the East.

Remarkable Religious Awakening.

For the week past the public interest has been greatly excited over a series of religious meetings in progress at the white Methodist church, conducted by Rev. Sam Jones, of Georgia, an evangelist of unusual power in the pulpit. He preaches to crowded congregations four times every day—at 6:30 and 10:30 a. m, and at 3 and 7 p. m. The number of mourners is said to exceed one hundred. In his treatment and denunciation of existing evils he is plain, bold and forcible.

The City and the Turnpike Company.

A Bill was introduced recently in the House of Representatives at Montgomery, concerning which the following letter was written :

HON. D. D. SHELBY, Senator from Madison County, Montgomery, Ala.

DEAR SIR:—As the Mayor and Aldermen, representing the interests of the city of Huntsville, and expressing the wishes of the people of said city, we do most earnestly protest against the passage of the bill introduced in the house of Representatives by Dr. Taliaferro, entitled, "An Act to amend an Act to incorporate the Madison Turnpike Company."

There is one quarter of a mile of said Turnpikes on the North, South, and West of Huntsville, that are within the corporate limits. These partitions of said turnpikes that lie within said limits, have never been under the control of the city, but have always been owned and controlled by the Madison Turnpike Company, and they have controlled the tolls.

Within the last year, the partitions of said roads have been allowed to get in such a bad condition that people driving over them, have threatened suits for damages done vehicles — The Turnpike Commissioners have threatened to throw open the toll-gates, unless their portions of said roads were repaired. The quarter of a mile of said turnpike on the North side of the city is in a very bad condition, and within the next 6 months there will have to be built, a new bridge and a rock wall costing about fifteen hundred dollars.

It will cost at least twenty-five hundred dollars to put these roads in proper repair. The Turnpike Company propose to give the city control of this part of their roads, and the Company take the tolls without offering to extend their line of road at all. The Turnpike Company have done privately, all in their power to get the city to take these portions of the roads but we have always declined, and they are trying to force us to take this property simply for them to avoid putting them in repair.

We respectfully ask that you do all in your power to prevent this unjust legislation. The Bill was introduced without saying one word to the city authorities.

Respectfully,

Ed I. Mastin. Mayor: Alfred Moore, S. J. Mayhew, J. R. Stegall, James Conway, B. E. Scruggs, W. H. Gaston, Nelson Hendley and Meyer B. Wise.

By a clerical error the name of Alderman Wise, who heartily endorses the above letter, was omitted from the publications in the other city papers.

IMPORTANT REDUCTIONS

—AT—

Herstein & Lowenthal's.

In Flannels, Blankets, Cloaks, Shawls, Underwear, Mens' and Boys' Clothing.

Money can be made to count now, if you will call on us.

HERSTEIN & LOWENTHAL

From Hadens.

Our public school is flourishing.

Mrs. Mitty Cross died on Jan. 20, aged about 80 years.

Mr. Wm. Hawkins and Miss Maggie Hayes were married Jan. 15th, 1885 by Rev. Uriah Weatherly.

The short crops of last year have left money a scarce article in the country, but everybody are rolling up their sleeves to do better with the coming crops. RICE.

Dots from Trinity.

The sun continues to shine and farmers are beginning to plow.

Mr, James Nevill, a merchant of this place, was knocked down and robbed of $200 on the night of the 3rd inst.

The safe of Lile & Bros., was robbed on the 29th of Jan. of $160. What human hands can make human hands can break.

Mr. C. C. Clifton has a new school house three miles from here and 63 scholars. Success to the young veteran. THOS. J. GARTH.

MARRIED.

LAMBERT—SCANLIN—In this city Thursday Jan. 28, 1885, by Rev. J. A. B. Lovett, Mr. John B. Lambert and Miss Evangeline Scanlin. With their many friends we add our congratulations and wish them a long and prosperous voyage through life.

DIED.

Near Maysville, Feb. 3rd, 9½ o'clock p. m., of Phthisic Pulmonatis, Mrs. Martha Elizabeth Williams, wife of George Williams, and eldest daughter of John and Vina Bone, age 22 years.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.

State of Alabama,—Madison County.

Regular Term of Probate Court, Jan'y. 12th, 1885.

Estate of Enoch Cooper, Infant.

This day came Emanual McCalley, Guardian of the Estate of Enoch Cooper, Infant, and filed with the Court his account and vouchers for an Annual Settlement of his Guardianship of said Estate: It is considered, ordered, adjudged and decreed by the Court, that the 9th day of February, 1885,

be and the same hereby is appointed a day on which to make said settlement. It is also ordered by the Court, that due and legal notice of the filing of the account and vouchers, the nature of the same, and the time appointed by the Court for the Settlement, be given, by publication for three successive weeks, in the Huntsville GAZETTE, a newspaper published in the County of Madison, State of Alabama, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they see proper to do so.

WILLIAM RICHARDSON,
Judge of Probate.

Notice of Sale.

United States Internal Revenue, Collector's Office, District of Alabama,

Montgomery, Jan. 24, 1885.

Under authority conferred by Section 3460, Revised Statutes, I will proceed to sell to highest bidder for cash, within the legal hours of sale, at Huntsville, Ala., on

Thursday, the 12th day of Feb. 1885.

the following property, to-wit :

One cask, containing about six gallons distilled spirits.

One cask, containing about fifteen gallons distilled spirits.

One keg, containing about eight gallons distilled spirits.

Three packages, containing about thirty-two gallons distilled spirits.

One package, containing about ten gallons distilled spirits.

Two boxes, containing about forty-five pounds manufactured tobacco.

Three copper stills, caps and worms.

Seized from parties heretofore named for violations of Internal Revenue Laws, and forfeited to the United States.

P. D. BABKER,
Collector.

L. M. Seat & Son

Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealers in

Pure Stick,

AND

Fancy Candies,

UNDER OPERA HOUSE.

HUNTSVILLE, ALA.

All Dealers who want

Pure Candies!

would do well to call on them before making orders.

ESTABLISHED 1858.

Ernest Dentler's Confectionery

DEALER IN

Fruits, Toys, Fancy and Holiday Goods.

ALBUMS, DRUMS, BANJOS, TOILET SETS,
WORK BOXES, TOOL CHESTS, WRITING DESKS,
TOY FURNITURE, BOYS' WAGONS, HOBBY HORSES,
FRENCH HARPS, VASES, VELOCIPEDES,
CIGAR & TOBACCO STANDS, CHINA and WAX DOLLS,
CHINA CUPS and SAUCERS, GLASS and CHINA VASES,

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THE INTER OCEAN.

In 1885 THE INTER OCEAN enters upon the *fourteenth* year of its existence. Given unusual confidence by the people in its early days it has steadily grown in favor until this day, when the publishers take pride in the fact that the paper goes into more homes and has a greater number of readers than any publication west of the Alleghenies.

From the beginning, THE INTER OCEAN has stood firmly by the principles of the Republican party, and has, in season and out of season, contended for "protection to American industry." It does not agree with the idea that the mission of the Republican party is finished; on the contrary it believes that, purified by adversity, it will in the near future again rise to the higher planes of thought and action and be completely restored to the confidence of the American people. The most important agencies in accomplishing this result will be Republican journals. If a reliable, stanch Republican newspaper was important when the Republican party was in power, it is doubly so now that the Democracy control the National Government.

THE INTER OCEAN will in the future as in the past be the medium through which the best Republican thought will be given to the people. It will voice the convictions of advanced Republicans without being bitterly partisan, and will give as much attention to the affairs of Cleveland's administration as it would have given to the administration of Mr. Blaine had he been elected. With an Associated Press franchise, with special wires reaching to New York and Washington, with special correspondents to all important points in the country, THE INTER OCEAN will use its facilities for collecting news without fear or favor, and so far as governmental affairs or party movements are concerned will give a fuller record than any other paper.

All of the old departments will be continued. The scope of the WOMAN'S KINGDOM will be widened so as to take in all the industrial and reform movements in which women are interested and engaged. OUR CURIOSITY SHOP, now a standard, will be given greater variety and interest. In the FARM AND HOME and other departments the widest possible range of topics will be discussed.

Of original *short stories and serials*, the very best by American and English authors will be given during the year. Arrangements have been made to publish during the year short stories by BOYESEN, HOWELLS, LATHROP, and others, and a new serial by the author of "*One Summer*," and to publish all these in addition to the serials by MISS BRADDON and other English authors.

In every department of news and literature THE INTER OCEAN will make a better record than it ever has done.

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85 Madison street, Chicago.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.

State of Alabama,—Madison County.

Regular Term of Probate Court, Jan'y. 12th, 1885.

Estates of Washington Bransford, Illie Bransford, and Maggie Bransford, Infants.

This day came Henderson Brandon, Guardian, of the Estates of Washington Bransford, Maggie Bransford and Lillie Bransford, Infants, and filed with the Court his account and vouchers for Annual Settlements of his guardianship of said Estates: It is considered, ordered, adjudged and decreed by the Court, that the

9th day of February, 1885,

be and the same hereby is appointed a day on which to make said settlement. It is also ordered by the Court, that due and legal notice of the filing of the account and vouchers, the nature of the same, and the time appointed by the Court for the settlement, be given, by publication for three successive weeks in the Huntsville GAZETTE, a newspaper published in the County of Madison, State of Alabama, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they see proper to do so.

WILLIAM RICHARDSON,
Judge of Probate.

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KEPT BY

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—Give your boy "Smith's Worm Oil."

—Subscribe for the GAZETTE.

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WAGONS.
HARNESS.
CARRIAGE ROBES,
WHIPS, ETC.,
And Manufacturer of
Farm and Spring Wagons.

NICHOLAS DAVIS,

Attorney at Law

Franklin street, Huntsville, Ala.

Neuralgia of the Face.

Capt. John Orr, Pearlington, Miss., has been a most intense sufferer from facial neuralgia for over twenty years. He has had seventeen operations performed on the nerves—that is, had them divided, cut off close to the bone from which they emerge. But this never did him any good; the most excruciating pain continued without the least interruption. He often wished for death to relieve him of the intolerable pain. The best physicians failed to relieve him. They finally advised him to consult Drs. Hartman & Miller, at the St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans, which he did. They prescribed PERUNA, and in less than a month was entirely relieved of the pain. Before consulting these doctors the least touch to any part of his face or nose would cause the most fearful pain, while now he can blow his nose and wipe his face without the least fear of pain. The captain is grateful beyond measure for this unexpected and unhoped for result.

Mrs. Elizabeth Kenner, 98 Laurel street, New Orleans, has been one of the greatest sufferers from Neuralgia of the face during the past year that we have ever heard of. From morning to night, and from night to morning, there was one constant, racking, tearing, burning pain, extending clear around her head and deep down through every muscle, tooth and bone in her face. No rest and no sleep. All physicians failed to relieve her, as well as all remedies. She was constantly in the most agonising despair. She called on Dr. Hartman, who said the cause was chronic catarrh. He prescribed PERUNA for her and now every pain has left her. She feels like another person and can eat heartily and sleep soundly.

Mrs. C. J. Miles, Gallipolis, O., writes: "DR. S. B. HARTMAN & Co., Columbus, O. My affliction has been rheumatism, located in the right arm and shoulder, of more than two years' standing, and after trying a great many remedies without any relief, I commenced the use of PERUNA, which, after using three bottles, found a decided change for the better. I continued to use it and now feel entirely well."

Huldah Ward, Wellston, O., writes: "I have been afflicted for years with that dreaded disease, catarrh. I tried a great many different kinds of medicine, but to no effect. I commenced taking your PERUNA about nine months ago; have taken about ten bottles. It is doing me much good. By its continued use I hope to be entirely cured."

Dr. A. B. Lovejoy, Dadeville, Ala., writes: "I have a fine run on your PERUNA and MANALIN. Please send me a lot of books, "The Ills of Life."

FERRY'S SEED ANNUAL FOR 1884

Will be mailed FREE to all applicants and to customers of last year without ordering it. It contains illustrations, prices, descriptions and directions for planting all Vegetable and Flower Seeds. Plants, etc. Everybody wants it. Send for it.

D. M. FERRY & CO. DETROIT, MICH.

A THRILLING EXPERIENCE.

Remarkable Narrative of Personal Danger and Providential Escape.

The following story—which is attracting wide attention from the press—is so remarkable that we can not excuse ourselves if we do not lay it before our readers, even though its length would ordinarily preclude its admission to our limited space. The *Rochester (N.Y.) Democrat:*

On the first day of June, 1881, I lay in my residence in the city surrounded by my friends and waiting for death. Heaven only knows the agony I then endured, for words can never describe it. And yet, if a few years previous any one had told me that I was to be brought so low, and by so slight a disease, I should have scoffed at the idea. I had always been uncommonly strong and healthy, and weighed over 200 pounds and hardly knew, in my own experience, what pain or sickness were. Very many people who will read this statement realize at times that they are unusually tired and can not account for it. They feel dull pains in various parts of the body and do not understand it. Or they are exceedingly hungry one day and entirely without appetite the next. This was just the way I felt when the relentless malady which had fastened itself upon me first began. Still I thought nothing of it; that probably I had taken a cold which would soon pass away. Shortly after this I noticed a heavy, and at times neuralgic, pain in one side of my head, but as it would come one day and be gone the next, I paid little attention to it. Then my stomach would get out of order and my food often failed to digest, causing at times great inconvenience. Yet, even as a physician, I did not think that these things meant anything serious. I fancied I was suffering from malaria and doctored myself accordingly. But I got no better. I next noticed a peculiar color and odor about the fluids. I was passing—also that there were large quantities one day and very little the next, and that a persistent froth and scum appeared upon the surface, and a sediment settled. And yet I did not realize my danger, for, indeed, seeing these symptoms continually, I finally became accustomed to them, and my suspicion was wholly disarmed by the fact that I had no pain in the affected organs or in their vicinity. Why I should have been so blind I can not understand.

I consulted the best medical skill in the land. I visited all the famed mineral springs in America and traveled from Maine to California. Still I grew worse. No two physicians agreed as to my malady. One said I was troubled with spinal irritation: another, dyspepsia; another, heart-disease; another, general debility; another, congestion of the base of the brain; and so on through a long list of common diseases, the symptoms of many of which I really had. In this way several years passed, during which time I was steadily growing worse. My condition had really become pitiable. The slight symptoms I at first experienced were developed into terrible and constant disorders. My weight had been reduced from 207 to 130 pounds. My life was a burden to myself and friends. I could retain no food on my stomach, and lived wholly by injections. I was a living mass of pain. My pulse was uncontrollable. In my agony I frequently fell to the floor and clutched the carpet, and prayed for death. Morphine had little or no effect in deadening the pain. For six days and nights I had the death-premonitory hiccoughs constantly. My water was filled with tube-casts and albumen. I was struggling with Bright's Disease of the kidneys in its last stages!

While suffering thus I received a call from my pastor, Rev. Dr. Foote, at that time rector of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, of this city. I felt that it was our last interview, but in the course of conversation Dr. Foote detailed to me the many remarkable cures of cases like my own which had come under his observation, by means of a remedy which he urged me to try. As a practicing physician and a graduate of the schools, I derided the idea of any medicine outside the regular channels being in the least beneficial. So solicitous, however, was Dr. Foote, that I finally promised I would waive my prejudice. I began its use the first day of June, 1881, and took it according to directions. At first it sickened me; but this I thought was a good sign for one in my debilitated condition. I continued to take it; the sickening sensation departed and I was finally able to retain food upon my stomach. In a few days I noticed a decided change for the better, as also did my wife and friends. My hiccoughs ceased and I experienced less pain than formerly. I was so rejoiced at this improved condition that, upon what I believed but a few days before was my dying bed, I vowed, in the presence of my family and friends, should I recover I would both publicly and privately make known this remedy for the good of humanity, wherever and whenever I had an opportunity, and this letter is in fulfillment of that vow. My improvement was constant from that time, and in less than three months I had gained twenty-six pounds in flesh, became entirely free from pain, and I believe I owe my life and present condition wholly to Warner's Safe Cure, which remedy I used.

Since my recovery I have thoroughly re-investigated the subject of kidney difficulties and Bright's disease, and the truths developed are astounding. I therefore state, deliberately, and as a physician, that I believe *more than one-half the deaths which occur in America are caused by Bright's disease of the kidneys.* This may sound like a rash statement, but I am prepared to fully verify it. Bright's disease has no distinctive symptoms of its own (indeed, it often develops without any pain whatever in the kidneys or their vicinity), but has the symptoms of nearly every other common complaint. Hundreds of people die daily, whose burials are authorized by a physician's certificate as occurring from "Heart Disease," "Apoplexy," "Paralysis," "Spinal Complaint," "Rheumatism," "Pneumonia," and other common complaints, when in reality it is from Bright's disease of the kidneys. Few physicians, and fewer people, realize the extent of this disease or its dangerous and insidious nature. It steals into the system like a thief, manifests its presence if at all by the commonest symptoms and fastens itself upon the constitution before the victim is aware of it. It is nearly as hereditary as consumption, quite as common and fully as fatal. Entire families, inheriting it from their ancestors, have died, and yet none of the number knew or realized the mysterious power which was removing them. Instead of common symptoms it often shows none whatever, but brings death suddenly, from convulsions, apoplexy or heart disease. As one who has suffered, and knows by bitter experience what he says, I implore everyone who reads these words not to neglect the slightest symptoms of kidney difficulty. Certain agony and probable death will be the sure result of such neglect, and no one can afford to hazard such chances.

I am aware that such an unqualified statement as this, coming from me, known as I am throughout the entire land as a practitioner and lecturer, will arouse the surprise and possible animosity of the medical profession and astonish all with whom I am acquainted, but I make the foregoing statements based upon facts which I am prepared to produce and truths which I can substantiate to the letter. The welfare of those who may possibly be sufferers such as I was, is an ample inducement for me to take the step I have, and if I can successfully warn others from the dangerous path in which I once walked, I am willing to endure all professional and personal consequences.

J. B. HENION, M. D.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 30.

—A human jaw-bone of great size, full of sound teeth, and other human bones were found recently at a depth of sixty feet in a limestone quarry near Centersville, Ga.

—A strain of music tightening the strings of a violin.—*Norristown Herald.*

GO UP, THOU BALDHEAD.

The Causes That Produce Baldness in the Average Man.

Baldness is produced by a failure of normal nutrition in the papillæ at the base of each hair follicle. Imperfect work being done in the capillaries, which are here richly distributed, the cells which constitute a hair-shaft are not formed in their due proportion, the old shaft thus feebly sustained becomes loose and drops away, leaving nothing in its place. This failure of nutrition may have a sudden cause, of which the effect will be but temporary. For instance, an attack of typhoid fever often leaves the papillæ of the scalp so much enfeebled that rapid baldness ensues. The papillæ, however, still retain their vitality, and, as the system regains its strength, they quickly recover their potentiality, and the hair comes again, perhaps thicker than before. In the same manner certain cutaneous affections may cause the hair to fall by an action on the papillæ which is but temporary; in such cases recovery, perhaps with assistance, perhaps without it, is possible. In the great majority of instances, however, where the head is bald the failure of nutrition of each papilla has come on so gradually, and has continued so long that the papilla no longer exists; it has passed away by atrophy; its capillaries have become obliterated, and even the follicle no longer constitutes a depression in the cutis, and the scalp has the smooth and shining appearance which we so well recognize. It is easy, therefore, to see that in such a condition as this no renewed growth of the hair is to be expected, for the anatomical structure which caused its development and continued it has ceased to exist, and the countless remedies which are so freely advertised as being able to rejuvenate bald heads are utterly of no avail. They served only to illustrate the greed and the impudence of the inventors, as well as the credulity of the purchasers. But such is the desire to escape the appearance of "growing old" that no doubt they will hold their ground for all time to come.

But now arises the question, can not the application of the various agents to the scalp, at the time when the hair is beginning to lose its hold, be of service in stimulating the follicles and papillæ into renewed and permanent vigor? To this question it is not possible, on theoretical grounds, to say no, absolutely; but in practical fact that is the only true answer to give in the vast majority of cases. The cause of the failing of the hair has been already stated, and safe reasoning tells us that our only hope can be in that which can restore the failing vitality, and we well know that we should not expect to secure this on any other part of the skin by filthy oils and washes. Proper cleansing of the scalp is as important as it is of all other parts; nothing else should be applied to it but common sense. There can be little question but the continued close covering of the head with hats and caps is one very constant cause of baldness.

Women, in our own communities, seldom lose their hair, except from sudden causes; and among those nations where the head is habitually left bare or but slightly covered, baldness is practically unknown. At the same time the beard, which is of the same class of hair as that of the scalp, but which is always uncovered, does not fail with age. A reform in our style of headgear is very desirable, but it is not at all likely to be accomplished. The suggestion was some time ago made that bald heads might perhaps be covered anew with hair by "skin grafting." No doubt such bits might be attached, but the whole matter is merely a wild fancy, without practical value. We can make "skin grafts" take hold, but it is only where the skin is destroyed and the surface raw and exposed, commonly rendered so by disease.

Assuming that some person would consent to have his scalp peeled away in preparation for the operation, and then assuming that some other person could be found who would consent to appropriate his own scalp to cutting out the proper bits for the work, yet then the very best possible success must be extremely imperfect. The denuded surface would heal so rapidly between the "grafts" that no extension on their part could take place, and a head with small specks of hair here and there would be the only attainable result. "Crazy patchwork" is fashionable, but perhaps not many would care to wear it in that way. The result of all seems to be that when baldness has come slowly and naturally, it has come to stay and our only wisdom is to be content.—*Springfield (Mass.) Republican.*

Bill Nye's Philosophy.

To the young the future has a roseate hue. The roseate hue comes high, but we have to use it in this place. To the young there spreads out a glorious range of possibilities. After the youth has endorsed for an intimate friend a few times, and purchased the paper at the bank himself later on, the horizon won't seem to horizon so tumultuously as it did aforetime. I remember at one time of purchasing such a piece of accommodation paper at a bank, and I still have it. I didn't need it any more than a cat needs eleven tails at one and the same time. Still the bank made it an object to me, and I secured it. Such things as these harshly knock the fluff and bloom off the cheek of youth, and prompt us to turn the strawberry-box bottom side up before we purchase it. Youth is gay and hopeful, age is covered with experience and scars where the skin has been knocked off and had to grow on again. To the young a dollar looks large and strong, but to the middle-aged and old it is weak and inefficient. When we are in the heyday and fizz of existence, we believe everything, but after awhile we murmur: "What's that you're givin' us," or words of a like character. Age brings caution and a lot of shop-worn experience purchased at the highest market price. Time brings vain regrets and wisdom teeth that can be left in a glass of water over night.—*The Ingleside.*

MONTICELLO.

The Magnificence of Jefferson's Residence Downstairs, Economically Compensated For by the Closeness of Everything Above.

The library, study and bedchamber of Mr. Jefferson are on the first floor, and are used by the present proprietor for the same purposes they were employed in the lifetime of Jefferson. The bed is an alcove between the chamber and study and can be used from either room—the door of communication is at the head of the bed. It was in this room that Jefferson died, and not one of the chambers above, as some have supposed. The study was the favorite retreat of Jefferson, and the favorite chair is still in the accustomed place. A large wooden chair with broad arm, where rested the paper whereon he wrote. All about the floor in the neighborhood of the chair are ink spots where the sometimes careless hand of the statesman sent his ink flying. These spots are faint with age, and before many years will have become indiscernible. The bed-chambers upstairs are very small and very numerous. It is no exaggeration to say that guests at "Monticello" slept in holes within the walls. Scooped out of the thick, massive walls are little places about the size of the lower berth in a sleeping-car, whereon the bed was laid. If the weather was at all warm, these curious bed-chambers must have been excessively hot. The space was meager allowed to the occupant to dress in, and altogether the bed-chambers are possessed of but little to commend them. The passages are very narrow on the second and third floors—too narrow to permit two persons to walk abreast. The ceilings are low; there are nooks and crannies everywhere, and the conclusion is irresistible that the magnificence of everything downstairs has its economical compensation in the closeness of everything above.—*Cor. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

A Crematory.

"Mr. Jones, has Mr. Bugsby got many cows now?" exclaimed Mrs. Jones, as she laid down the evening paper.

"Cows?" exclaimed Jones. "Great heavens, no! Bugsby don't keep cows. What dy'e want to know for?"

"Why, I just read in the paper that Mr. Bugsby intended building an immense creamatory."

"Well, a creamatory ain't to put cream in," said Jones, as he stuffed his handkerchief in his mouth to look sober; "it's to burn dead bodies in."

"Oh! you needn't laugh," exclaimed Mrs. Jones, getting mad. "I suppose it wasn't you who asked me the other day if you couldn't wear crape for a diseased friend in the evening just as well as in the morning.—*Williamsport Breakfast Table.*

The Friends.

Mr. R. T. Bentley, a member of the estimable community of Quakers at Sandy Springs, Md., says he was severely affected by rheumatism in his right hand. Mr. Bentley applied St. Jacobs Oil, the great pain-cure, and by its continued use, in a short time, was completely cured.

A SUBSTITUTE for rubber—The ordinary conscience.

SAFE, sure, cure. No bad effects. No poisons in Red Star Cough Cure.

THOSE who employ the plumber must pay the piper.—*Boston Budget.*

—The story goes that the Russian Czar, Alexander I., having once heard that one of his courtiers, to whom he was strongly attached, had become involved in debt, sent him a book of which every leaf was a bank bill. A few days later the two met at a court ball. "Well, Count," asked the Czar, "how do you like my book?" "I am delighted with the first volume, Your Majesty," answered the wit significantly, "and will be glad to know when the second is likely to appear."

—Some enthusiast has found that the following varieties of fruits are now known in the Old World: Cherries, 209; apricots, 69; peaches, 239; pears, 1,087; plums, 297; apples, over 2,000 in America.—*Chicago Tribune.*

—When the first Atlantic cable was opened cablegrams cost $100 for twenty words. Forty cents a word is now the rate.

—A Long Island man died the other day from grief from the loss of his favorite dog.—*N. Y. Sun.*

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, February 3, 1885.

CATTLE—Native Steers	$ 4 50	@	6 10
COTTON—Middling	11¾	@	11¾
FLOUR—Good to Choice	3 50	@	5 60
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	91	@	92
CORN—No. 2	49¾	@	51½
OATS—Western Mixed	35½	@	38
PORK—New Mess	....	@	13 25¼

ST. LOUIS.

COTTON—Middling	10¾	@	11
BEEVES—Good to Heavy	5 35	@	5 63
Fair to Good	4 50	@	5 25
HOGS—Common to Select	4 25	@	4 70
SHEEP—Fair to Choice	2 75	@	4 25
FLOUR—XXX to Choice	2 90	@	3 45
WHEAT—No. 2 Winter	....	@	85¾
No. 3 "	80½	@	81¾
CORN—No. 2 Mixed	....	@	35¼
OATS—No. 2	31¾	@	32
RYE	65	@	67
TOBACCO—Lugs	3 00	@	9 00
Medium Leaf	9 00	@	12 00
HAY—Choice Timothy	13 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—Choice Dairy	....	@	26
EGGS—Choice	24	@	25
PORK—New Mess	12 25	@	12 37½
BACON—Clear Rib	7	@	7⅛
LARD	6¾	@	6¾

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Exports	5 25	@	5 90
HOGS—Good to Choice	4 60	@	4 80
SHEEP—Good to Choice	3 50	@	3 75
FLOUR—Winter	4 00	@	4 25
Patent	3 78	@	5 00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	76¾	@	77⅛
No. 2 Red	79	@	80
CORN—No. 2	36¼	@	36¾
OATS—No. 2	....	@	27
PORK—New Mess	12 10	@	12 15

KANSAS CITY.

CATTLE—Native Steers	5 00	@	5 60
HOGS—Sales at	4 15	@	4 35
WHEAT—No. 2	....	@	60¾
CORN—No. 2 Mixed	....	@	29¾
OATS—No. 2	....	@	27

NEW ORLEANS.

FLOUR—High Grades	4 40	@	6 00
CORN—White	....	@	52
OATS—Choice Western	42	@	43
HAY—Choice	18 50	@	19 00
PORK—Mess	....	@	13 00
BACON—Clear Rib	7¼	@	7¾
COTTON—Middling	....	@	10⅞

LOUISVILLE.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red	....	@	85
CORN—No. 2 Mixed	....	@	43
OATS—No. 2 Mixed	....	@	33½
PORK—Mess	....	@	13 00
BACON—Clear Rib	....	@	7¼
COTTON—Middling	....	@	10⅞

"HELLO!" we heard one man say to another, the other day. "I didn't know you at first, why! you look ten years younger than you did when I saw you last." "I *feel* ten years younger," was the reply. "You know I used to be under the weather all the time and gave up expecting to be any better. The doctor said I had consumption. I was terribly weak, had night-sweats, cough, no appetite, and lost flesh. I saw Dr. Pierce's 'Golden Medical Discovery' advertised and thought it would do no harm if it did no good. It has cured me. I am a new man because I am a well one."

COLD daze—Benumbed with the frost.—*Merchant Traveler.*

Young Men, Read This.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for 30 days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor, and manhood guaranteed. No risk incurred, as 30 days' trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet, free.

SONG of the young women at this season—"I feel like one for sacque in."

"No Physic, Sir, in Mine."

A good story comes from a boy's boarding-school in "Jersey." The diet was monotonous and constipating, and the learned Principal decided to introduce some old-style physic in the apple-sauce, and await the happy results. One bright lad, the smartest in school, discovered the secret mine in his sauce, and pushing back his plate, shouted to the pedagogue: "No physic, sir, in mine. My dad told me to use nuthin' but Dr. Pierce's 'Pleasant Purgative Pellets,' and they are doing their duty like a charm!" They are anti-bilious and purely vegetable.

THE editor frequently has to fight for his writes.—*Merchant Traveler.*

IT'S no secret nostrum. We speak of Dr. Pierce's Extract of Smart-Weed, composed of best French Brandy, Smart-Weed, Jamaica Ginger and Camphor Water. It cures cholera morbus, colic or cramps in stomach, diarrhœa, dysentery or bloody-flux, and breaks up colds, fevers and inflammatory attacks.

IF a gas man were to write poetry, would his meter be correct?—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

THE COMBINATION OF INGREDIENTS used in making BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES is such as to give the best possible effect with safety. They are the best remedy in use for Coughs and Throat Diseases.

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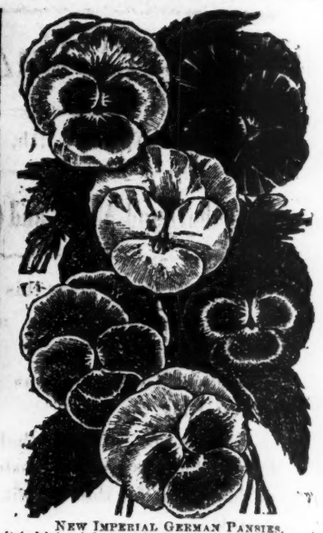
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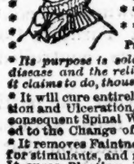
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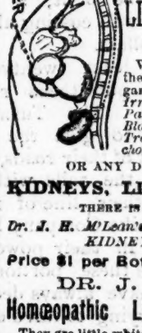

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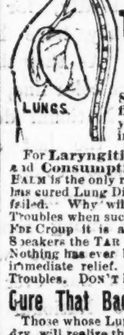

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